UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/830,190	04/21/2004	Ananth Annapragada	27428-4	7714
	7590 03/05/2007 IEDLANDER, COPLAN	EXAMINER		
ATTN: IP DEP	ARTMENT DOCKET C	PERREIRA, MELISSA JEAN		
2300 BP TOWN 200 PUBLIC SO		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CLEVELAND,	•	1618		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
31 DAYS 03/05/2007		PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	۱Ď
ĺ٨.	٧
٠,١	€′

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/830,190	ANNAPRAGADA ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Melissa Perreira	1618				
Pe	The MAILING DATE of this communication app iod for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
•	A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Sta	tus						
	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Ap	oril 2004.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dis	position of Claims	·					
	4) Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) 1-33 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Аp	plication Papers						
	9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Pri	ority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		,				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
_	chment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite				

Application/Control Number: 10/830,190 Page 2

Art Unit: 1618

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-14 are drawn to a composition (pharmaceutical) for enhancing contrast of one or more areas of a subject via CT comprising PEGylated liposomes containing iodinated compounds, classified in class 424, subclass 9.45.
- II. Claims 15-21 are drawn to a method comprising forming sterically stabilized liposomes containing iodinated compounds, classified in class 424, subclass 9.4.
- III. Claims 22-24 are drawn to a method of imaging a subject with sterically stabilized liposomes containing nonradioactive contrast enhancing agents, classified in class 424, subclass 9.4.
- IV. Claims 25-33 are drawn to a composition comprising a first and polymer derivatized second lipid, excipients and a nonradioactive contrast enhancing agent, classified in class 424, subclass 9.4.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions I and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are the composition of group I comprising an iodinated nonradioactive contrast enhancing agent whereas the composition of group IV does not

Application/Control Number: 10/830,190 Page 3

Art Unit: 1618

comprise a iodinated nonradioactive contrast enhancing agent but any nonradioactive contrast enhancing agent. Therefore, the compositions would have different designs and modes of operation as they can be used for different types of imaging (contrast enhancing) techniques. Also, the composition of group I comprises only a PEGylated liposome whereas the composition of group IV comprises two different types of lipids, one of which is PEGylated, to generate the liposome. The compositions will have different structural and functional characteristics based on the difference in liposomal configuration.

3. Inventions I,IV and II are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the method of group II comprising forming sterically stabilized liposomes containing iodinated compounds would not necessarily be utilized for the formation of the composition of group IV as it does not necessarily comprise a iodinated contrast enhancing agent but may contain any nonradioactive contrast enhancing agent. Therefore, the product may be made by another materially different process. In regards to group I, the method of group II comprising forming sterically stabilized liposomes containing iodinated compounds does not necessarily include a PEGylated liposome and only requires forming a sterically stabilized liposome. Again, the product may be made by another materially different process.

Application/Control Number: 10/830,190

Page 4

Art Unit: 1618

- 4. Inventions I,II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the composition of group I comprises a PEGylated liposome containing iodinated compounds whereas the method of imaging a subject of group III is accomplished with a composition of a sterically stabilized liposome containing any nonradioactive contrast enhancing agent. The method does not necessarily require a composition of a PEGylated liposome containing an iodinated compound to be performed. The composition of group IV comprises two different types of lipids, one of which is PEGylated, to generate the liposome and any nonradioactive contrast enhancing agent which also is not necessary for the method of imaging as any sterically stabilized liposome will suffice.
- 5. Inventions II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions a method comprising forming sterically stabilized liposomes containing iodinated compounds and a method of imaging a subject with sterically stabilized liposomes containing nonradioactive contrast enhancing agents are not useful together as the method of imaging does not require the composition generated from the

Art Unit: 1618

method of forming such that the method of imaging can utilize any sterically stabilized liposome with any nonradioactive contrast enhancing agents.

- 6. Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 7. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an **election of an invention** to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i). Due to the complex nature of the instant restriction requirement, a written restriction requirement was necessitated. See MPEP § 812.01.

Application/Control Number: 10/830,190

Art Unit: 1618

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

- 8. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).
- 9. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.
 Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are
 subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise

Art Unit: 1618

require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melissa Perreira whose telephone number is 571-272-1354. The examiner can normally be reached on 9am-5pm M-F.

Application/Control Number: 10/830,190 Page 8

Art Unit: 1618

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mike Hartley can be reached on 571-272-0616. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

MP February 22, 2007

MICHAEL G. HARTLEY
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER